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Guidelines on
Community-Acquired
Pneumonia Updated
Community-acquired
pneumonia (CAP) is one
of the most common
infectious diseases and is
an important cause of
mortality and morbidity
worldwide. Typical

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Mixed Etiology

bacterial pathogens that cause the condition include *Streptococcus pneumoniae* (penicillin-sensitive and -resistant strains), *Haemophilus influenzae* (ampicillin-sensitive and -resistant strains...

Community Acquired
Pneumonia
Community-acquired
pneumonia (CAP) of

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Mixed Etiology

mixed etiology has increasingly been appreciated in the literature, but its clinical significance remains unknown. The aim of this analysis was to describe the...

Microbial aetiology of community-acquired pneumonia and ...

In community-acquired pneumonia (CAP), you

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Mixed Etiology

get infected in a community setting. It doesn't happen in a hospital, nursing home, or other healthcare center. Your lungs are part of your respiratory system. This system supplies fresh oxygen to your blood and removes carbon dioxide, a waste product.

Mixed community-

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acquired pneumonia in
hospitalised ...

Community-acquired pneumonia of mixed etiology is uncommon. Patients with mixed pneumonia are more likely to have underlying medical conditions, and they may have a more severe course of disease.

Mixed community-acquired pneumonia in

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hospitalised patients.

Community-acquired pneumonia (CAP) refers to an acute infection of the pulmonary parenchyma acquired outside of a health care setting. Nosocomial pneumonia refers to an acute infection of the pulmonary parenchyma acquired in hospital settings and encompasses both

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Prevalence
hospital-acquired
pneumonia (HAP) and
ventilator-associated
pneumonia (VAP).

Acute Community-
Acquired Pneumonia
(CAP and VAP/HAP ...
most frequent
association in the mixed
pyogenic pneumonia
group. No clinical
predictors for mixed
pneumonias could be

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identified. Patients with mixed pyogenic pneumonia more frequently developed shock when compared with patients with single pyogenic pneumonia (18 versus 4%). In conclusion, mixed pneumonia occurs in .10% of cases with community-acquired pneumonia requiring hospitalisation.

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Community-acquired pneumonia - Wikipedia moderate- and high-risk aetiologies whereas mixed aetiologies may be underestimated.

INTRODUCTION

Despite the use of many microbiological techniques, in nearly 50% of cases of community-acquired pneumonia (CAP) the aetiology is

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unknown.¹ Most studies show that *Streptococcus pneumoniae* is the most common pathogen in CAP,

Overview of community-acquired pneumonia in adults - UpToDate
Pneumonia - adults (community acquired) -
The most common symptoms of pneumonia are Cough (with some

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Acquired pneumonias you may cough up greenish or yellow mucous, or even bloody mucus). Fever, which may be mild or high. Shaking chills. Shortness of breath (may only occur when you climb stairs or exert ...

Mixed community-acquired pneumonia in hospitalised patients

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Community acquired pneumonia (CAP) is the most common infective pulmonary disease.

Objective: To show the most common detected bacteria in bacterial culture of sputum in patients with CAP hospitalized in Clinic for Pulmonary Diseases and TB “ Podhrastovi ” in four-year period: from 2012 to 2015.

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MedlinePlus...

Community-acquired pneumonia is defined as pneumonia that is acquired outside the hospital. The most commonly identified pathogens are Streptococcus pneumoniae, Haemophilus

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Mixed Etiology
influenzae, atypical
bacteria (ie, Chlamydia
pneumoniae,

Mycoplasma
pneumoniae, Legionella
species), and viruses.

Symptoms and signs are
fever, cough, sputum
production, pleuritic
chest pain, dyspnea,
tachypnea, and
tachycardia.

Inflammatory response

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Mixed Etiology
in mixed viral-bacterial
community ...

Community-acquired pneumonia is diagnosed by clinical features (e.g., cough, fever, pleuritic chest pain) and by lung imaging, usually an infiltrate seen on chest radiography. Initial evaluation should determine the need for hospitalization versus outpatient management

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using validated
mortality or severity
prediction scores.

Prevalence

The Most Common
Detected Bacteria in
Sputum of Patients ...
Pneumococcal bacterial
load colonization as a
marker of mixed
infection in children
with alveolar
community-acquired
pneumonia and

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respiratory syncytial
virus or rhinovirus
infection. Esposito S(1),
Zampiero A, Terranova
L, Ierardi V, Ascolese B,
Daleno C, Prada E,
Pelucchi C, Principi N.

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Guidelines on
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Pneumonia Updated By

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the Editors The
Pneumonia Of
Society and the
Infectious Diseases
Society of America have
updated their guidelines
on diagnosing and
treating community-
acquired pneumonia
(CAP) in adults.

Diagnosis and
Management of
Community-Acquired

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Community-acquired pneumonia refers to pneumonia contracted by a person with little contact with the healthcare system. The chief difference between hospital-acquired pneumonia and CAP is that patients with HAP live in long-term care facilities or have recently visited a hospital. CAP

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Mixed Etiology
Prevalence

is common, affecting people of all ages, and its symptoms occur as a result of oxygen-absorbing areas of the lung filling with fluid. This inhibits lung function, causing dyspnea, fever, chest pains and cough. CAP,

Community-acquired pneumonia of mixed etiology: prevalence ...

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The role of mixed community-acquired pneumonia (CAP) is controversial. The aim of the present study was to determine the incidence, principal microbial patterns, clinical predictors and course of mixed CAP. The current study included 1,511 consecutive hospitalised patients with CAP. Of

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Mixed Etiology.
these, 610 (40%)
patients had an
established aetiology.

Prevalence

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microbial patterns,
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established aetiology.

Community-Acquired
Pneumonia - Pulmonary
Disorders - Merck ...

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The role of mixed pneumonia (virus + bacteria) in community-acquired pneumonia (CAP) has been described in recent years. However, it is not known whether the systemic inflammatory profile is different compared to monomicrobial CAP.

Community-acquired

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pneumonia of mixed
etiology: Prevalence ...

One or more major
criteria or 2 or more
minor criteria = severe
community-acquired
pneumonia. If you
decide the patient has
Acute Community-
Acquired Pneumonia,
what therapies should
you initiate
immediately? The first
dose of antibiotics

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Acquired
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Mixed Etiology
should be given in the
Emergency or Acute
Assessment area.

Prevalence

Community-Acquired
Pneumonia (CAP):

Practice Essentials ...

104 The Health Care of
Homeless Persons - Part
I - Community

Acquired Pneumonia

The Health Care of
Homeless Persons - Part
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Acquired Pneumonia
105 prevent worsening
of disease by using an
antibiotic not active
against the infecting
bacteria. The initial
choice of antibiotic is
made empiri-cally.

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